



# Antibody delivery to the lungs against Ricine intoxication by inhalation: Drug and device development

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## AeroRiMac project: context

Castor bean also called Ricin is a toxin classified as a priority of biological agents by the French Defense Ministry, and belongs to the biological agents of B category according to the "Centers for Disease Control and Prevention" (CDC). Ricin risk is mainly associated to aerosol diffusion. Vaccines showed limited efficacy to induce neutralizing antibody in a pulmonary ricin intoxication (Pincus S.H. *et al.*, 2011), while the local delivery of recombinant neutralizing antibodies raised against the A subunit of ricin (Poli M.A. *et al.*, 1996 ; Guo J. *et al.*, 2006), such as the 43RCA antibody developed by IRBA (Pelat T. *et al.*, 2009) led to animal survival up to 6 hours after intoxication, thereby representing a promising therapeutic approach. Recently, the CEPR (INSERM U1100/EA6305) in Tours, specialized in the aerosol delivery of drugs, has demonstrated the feasibility and the clinical interest of delivering antibodies through the airways as an aerosol to treat lung affections (Maillet A. *et al.*, 2008 ; Maillet A. *et al.*, 2011).

**Ricin:** Biological toxin with high potential of bioterrorism



Castor Beans (*Ricinus communis*)

➤ **[Ricin]** per beans 1 to 10 %  
(ingestion of 3 castor beans = death)

➤ **Lethal dose in Human through inhalation:** 1 to 10 µg/kg  
(10x lower than ingested ricin)

❑ **Vaccines:** Limited efficacy in case of ricin inhalation

❑ **Therapeutic approach proposed:**  
**Aerosoltherapy with neutralizing monoclonal antibody (IgG 43RCA, IRBA)**  
(Local delivery of 43RCA protected mice against pulmonary intoxication to ricin)

❑ **Inhibition of 5 DL50 ricin:** 4.5 mg of 43RCA in lung

## DRUG DEVELOPMENT

